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Dependable Ambient Computing An example with Car2Car Coordination

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Status-quo w.r.t. 'Embedded Systems'

- TODAY: Several families of "unrelated" systems:
 - Embedded systems (e.g. cars)
 - Ubiquitous computing systems (e.g. mobile phones)
 - Peer-to-peer and ad-hoc networked systems
 - Pervasive systems and gadgets (home, office, active environment)
- TOMORROW: Bound to become akin, under an Ambient Computing vision



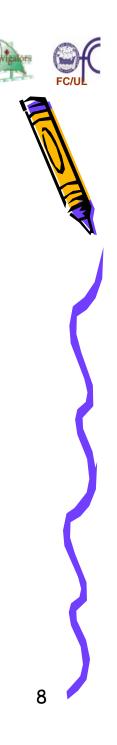
Mirror on the wall: the Challenge

- What is the next grand challenge in the road ahead, for Embedded Systems research?
- To master complexity, modularity, autonomy, dynamics of configurations, heterogeneity of compositions, pervasiveness of devices, ubiquity of computations, uncertainty of timeliness, predictability of behaviour (sec&dep, QoS)
- In other words, think about:

Dependable

Complex R/T systems of embedded components





Meeting the Challenge

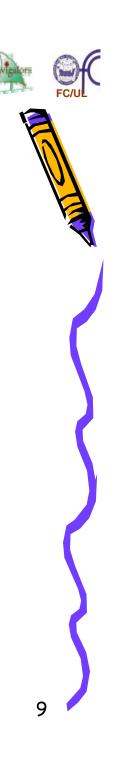
- The right programming model
- The right architecture
- The right algorithms



A few examples

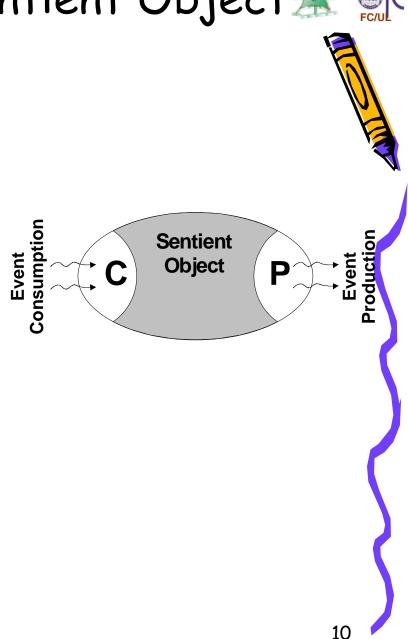
- Uncertainty versus predictability
- Dependable adaptation
- Sentient objects models
- Anomalous behaviour
- Generic events architectures
- Fault+intrusion tolerance
- Trusting trustworthy components





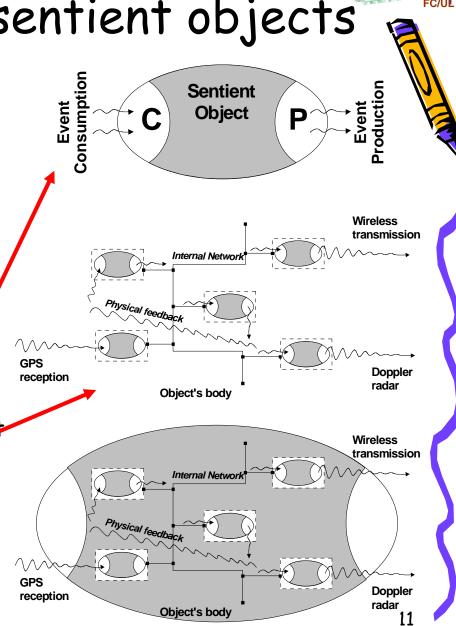
Component-based Sentient Object 🖄 🛒

- Recall:
 - R/T objects [Kim&Kopetz 94]
 - Sentient computing [Hopper 99]
- Sentient objects [Cortex 02]:
 - objects that accept input events from a variety of different sources, process them, produce output events
 - actuate on the environment and/or interact with other objects
- Component-based object model:
 - maybe simply software-based components,
 - but can also comprise mechanical and/or hardware parts
 - e.g. mechanics, sensorial apparatus
 that substantiates ``sentience''

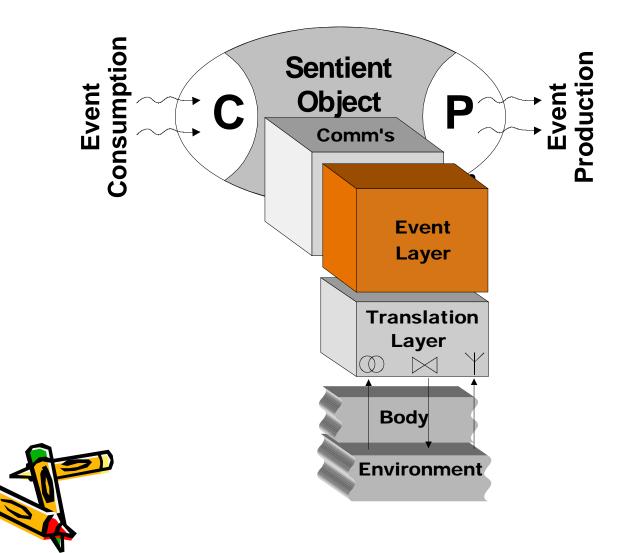


Composability of sentient objects

- Component-aware sentient object composition
 - clustering
 - hierarchical composition
 - normally constrained by the actual hardware component's structure
- To provide an example, imagine a robot and manipulator controllers:
 - see each controller + control software as a sentient object
 - imagine structure and interconnections
 - see robot itself as a (composite) sentient object, of the controller
 - - objects plus all the robot hardware (body)



Generic architecture and middleware for component-based embedded systems



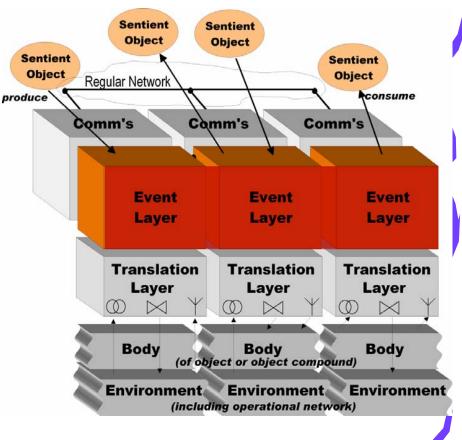




GEAR/COSMIC architecture



- [Environment]
 - physical surroundings of sentient objects
- [Body]
 - physical embodiment of a sentient object
- [Translation Layer] ٠
 - layer responsible for physical event transformation from/to their native form to Event Channel (EC) dialect
- [Event Layer] ٠
 - layer responsible for event propagation in whole system
- [Communication Layer]
 - layer responsible for 'wrapping' events (in EC dialect) into 'carrier' event-
 - Inessages
 - [Regular Network]
 - support for the Communication Layer



A few examples from research

- Uncertainty versus predictability
- Dependable adaptation
- Sentient objects models
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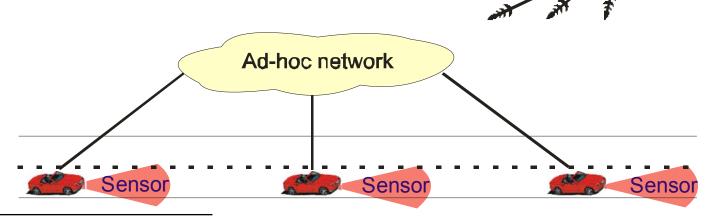
Adaptive and secure real-time control using a hybrid component-based system architecture

Platooning scenario [Hidenets]



GPS

- A platoon is composed of cars that:
 - Communicate with each other (ad-hoc network)
 - Receive GPS coordinates from satellites
 - Have proximity sensors



Challenging scenarios

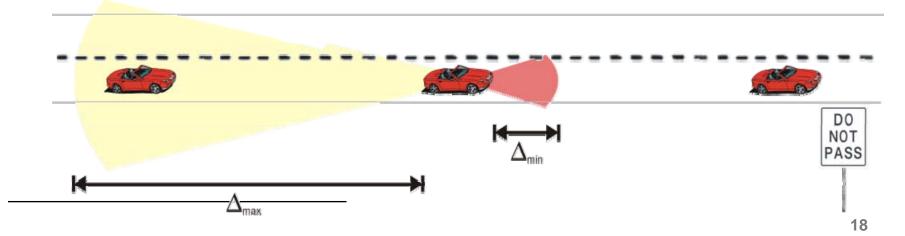
- □ The motion of a platoon can be affected by:
 - Disturbances in the ad-hoc environment
 - Disturbances in the speed of a vehicle
 - Intentional attacks to the communication
- □ This can lead to:
 - Platoon with a slower motion
 - Platoon breaking (cars unable to communicate with neighbors)
 - Collisions



Requirements



- The fundamental requirements are:
 - Safety-critical: Δ_{\min} to the front car
 - Non safety-critical: Δ_{max} to the car behind
 - Security-critical: integrity of data (value AND time)
 - Fail-safe state is: stop the car



Hybrid Architecture (coping with different Dependability requirements)

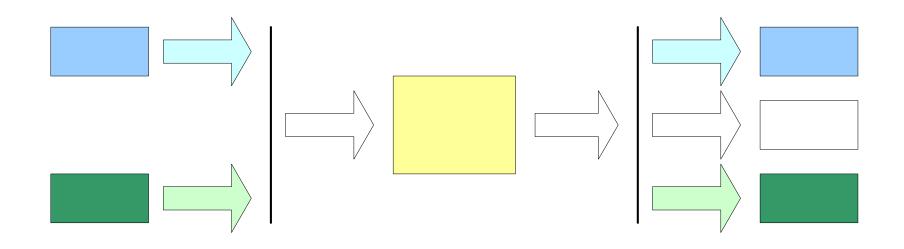
- □ A car has to have two main components:
 - Control Wormhole
 Payload
 RS-232
 Sensor
 Payload
 Bayload
- The wormhole provides information to the payload about the position, time and speed. It receives data from:
 - GPS
 - Front sensor
- The **payload**:
 - Communicates with the neighbor cars and
 - Sets the speed.



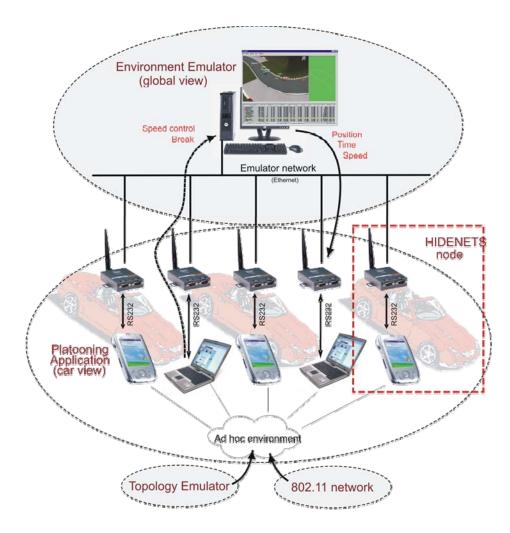
Platooning dataflow



- With the local wormhole: collecting information from car sensors and GPS and also sending control information to car actuators
- With peers (other cars): exchange of context information



Proof-of-concept – Global view





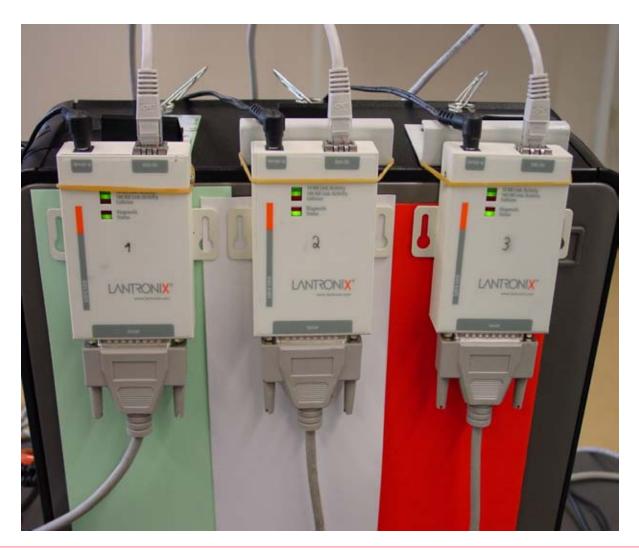
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Demo real set-up





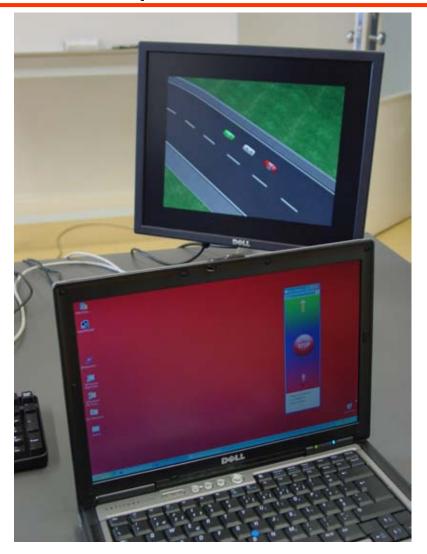
Demo real set-up







Demo real set-up





Platoon





Platoon





Relevant results shown in the demo

- 1. Basic platooning prototype
- 2. Architectural hybridization using a wormhole
- Timely detection (and reaction) upon payload timing failures
- 4. Dependable estimation of communication delays by using input from the QoS Coverage service
- 5. Secure, intrusion-tolerant speed agreement
- 6. Improved (more optimistic) platooning behavior, while still ensuring the main safety properties

This solution combines **efficiency** with **safety**. The efficiency comes from the applications that exchange data through the wireless network, while the safety comes from the wormhole that guarantees a low probability of collisions.



Where to find us

Navigators Group at LaSiGE Univ. Lisboa, Portugal http://www.navigators.di.fc.ul.pt

related research lines in the site:

Fault and Intrusion Tolerance in Open Distributed Systems Timeliness and Adaptation in Dependable Systems

Feel free to email: Paulo Veríssimo --- pjv@di.fc.ul.pt

